Code No. : 21(I)

Roll No. ....

0(CCEM)9

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Paper : I

Time Allowed : 3 hours]   [Maximum Marks : 300

Note : (i) *Answers must be written in English.*

(ii) *Number of marks carried by each question are indicated at the end of the question.*

(iii) *Part/Parts of the same question must be answered together and should not be interposed between answers to other questions.*

(iv) **The answer to each question or part thereof should begin on a fresh page.**

(v) *Your answers should be precise and coherent.*

(vi) *Candidates should attempt Question Nos.* **1** *and* **5** *which are* **compulsory** *and any* **three** *out of the remaining questions, selecting at least* **one** *question from each Section.*

SECTION – A

1. Comment on the following questions in **200** words each :

    (a) Public administration is policy execution and policy formulation, public administration is bureaucracy and public administration is public.   20

    (b) New Public Administration lays emphasis on four major themes : relevance, values, equity, and change.   20

    (c) The staff-line dichotomy has been challenged in recent years as having become obsolete.   20

2. Discuss the significance of informal organisation in the context of Elton Mayo's human relations theory. What are its limitations ?   30 + 30 = 60

3. What are the key principles at the heart of the motivation – hygiene theory of Herzberg ? Identify some job enrichment and job enlargement techniques which can be applied to organizations.   30 + 30 = 60

4. (a) Responsibility should always be coupled with corresponding authority. Elucidate.   20

(2)

(b) What are the main patterns of headquarters-field relationship ? How can major irritants in headquarters-field relationship be removed ? 20

(c) How effective are judicial controls over administration ? Explain its kinds and limitations. 20

SECTION – B

5. Comment on the following questions in 200 words each :

(a) Citizens' control over administration is neither consistent nor effective. 20

(b) Delegated Legislation is an increase of the discretionary and unaccountable power of the bureaucracy. 20

(c) The position/administration dichotomy is largely a myth in the context of policy formulation in government. 20

6. Discuss the meaning, nature and scope of comparative Public Administration. Analyse the concept of Administrative Development with suitable examples.

30 + 30 = 60

(3) P. T. O.

7. Write short notes on the following in **200** words each :

    (a) What is Performance Budgeting ? Discuss its uses and limitations with examples.   20

    (b) Discuss the importance of Administrative Law and distinguish its nature and scope from the Rule of Law.   20

    (c) Define O & M and discuss its scope and limitations.   20

8. Define public policy and analyse its scope. How is policy formulated in democracies ?   30 + 30 = 60

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